Gazette of the United States, & Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 1246.] TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 6, 1796. [VOLUME X.

229

ROSS & SIMSON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

EXCELLENT FOURTH PROOF

Jamaica Spirits;

And to diſpoſe of,

The fine, faſt-ſailing ſchooner

SWALLOW,

Of Baltimore, about 140 tons burthen.

Auguſt 29. dtf

For Sale or Charter,

THE FAST-SAILING SHIP

LIGHT-HORSE,

LYING at Meſſ. J. & R. Waln's wharf, two hundred and ſeventy tons burthen, a ſtout, ſtrong veſſel, and well found. For terms apply to

Joſeph Anthony & Co.

Sept. 1. dtf

At South-ſtreet wharf,

WILL BE LANDED, Friday, 19th inſt. Auguſt, by ſnow Hope, from Jamaica, and ſloop Sally, from Port-au-Prince,

300 Hhds. COFFEE,

70 Hhds. SUGAR.

Alſo, the cargo of the Swediſh brig Guſtaf Adolphe, capt. Ramſre, from Gibraltar,

1ſt and 4th proof Brandy, in pipes and hhds.

Hazle Nuts in ſacks

St. Ubes SALT, for ſale by

PETER BLIGHT.

For Charter,

The ſaid brig

GUSTAF ADOLPHE,

A Swede, with a Mediterranean paſs, a very fine veſſel, about 200 tons burthen. Aug. 16. §2weo2w

FOR SALE,

The ſhip STAR,

JOHN VANNEMAN, Maſter,

LYING at Walnut-ſtreet wharf, Philadelphia built, of live oak and cedar, will carry about 3200 barrels, is two years old, and in compleat order to receive a cargo—For terms apply to

THOS. & JOHN KETLAND.

Who have alſo for ſale ſaid veſſels cargo—conſiſting of—

Wine and Porter bottles,

Window Glaſs, 6 by 8 to 16 by 12.

Pipes in boxes

Earthen-Ware in crates.

Grindſtones, Coals, Whiting, &c.

Aug. 29 §

For Sale,

Or for Charter to the Weſt-Indies,

THE SHIP

CERES,

Philadelphia Built,

OF Live Oak and Red Cedar, burthen about 3500 barrels, now diſcharging at Latimer's wharf. This veſſel is in excellent repair, well fouud and will bear a thorough examination, and as ſoon as diſcharged will be ready to take in a cargo. For terms apply to

John Vaughan.

July 28 §

FOR SALE.

The Brig PUNCH,

An entire new veſſel, built, finiſhed and fitted in the beſt manner. One hundred and thirty-ſix tons burthen, and will ſail remarkably faſt. For terms apply to Mr. N. Sage, at the George tavern, or to JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.

Auguſt 26, 1796. §10.

For Sale or Charter,

THE SNOW

BOSTON,

BURTHEN about 2000 Bbls. of flour—ſhe may be ſent to ſea at a ſmall expence, her ſails and rigging being in very good order—apply to

James Campbell, or

George Latimer.

April 29, §

CABLES,

From 16 to 9½ inches, for ſale by

Jeremiah Warder,

July 21 § No 12 north Th-ſtirdreet.

TAKE NOTICE.

THE ſubſcriber intends to make application for a renewal of the following certificate, ſuppoſed to be loſt on the paſſage to England in April 1794:

Certificate No. 10335, dated 15th November, 1793, for 2830 dollars and 92 cents—Six per cent. domeſtic debt, on the books of the Treaſury of the United States in the name of the Hon. John Trevor.

ROBERT BIRD, at John Warder's.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 30th, 1796. *2aw 6w

NOTICE.

THE Subſcriber, having been reduced in his circumſtances, by ſundry misfortunes, and being thereby nuable to ſatisfy his juſt debts, hereby gives notice to his Creditors and to all perſons concerned, that he intends to apply to the General Aſſembly of Maryland at their next ſeſſion to be held on the firſt Monday of November next. for the benefit of an act of inſolvency.

WILLIAM EDMONDSON

Eaſton, 1ſt of the 9th month, 1796. 1awtiſtMN

FOR SALE,

WINE, London particular Madeira, 4 years old, in pipes and hogſheads

Claret, genuine old, in caſes

Gin, in pipes, from Holland

Earthen Ware, in crates

Baſket Salt, in hogſheads

Shot, Nos. 6, 7, 1 and 9

Bar Lead, Red and white dry lead

Steel, German and Ruſſia, in barrels

Anchors, cables, junk, bunting, tarpolin canvas,

Tin plates—An invoice Stationary. by

THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.

July 29 §

WANTED,

An APPRENTICE to the Printing Buſineſs.

Enquire at this Office. Aug. 19

For Sale,

A Three ſtory BRICK HOUSE and Lot, in Cheſnut ſtreet, between Front and Second ſtreets, in which Meſſrs. James Calbraith & Co. have for many years (and now do) carried on buſineſs.

Poſſeſſion will be given in one month, or ſooner.

For terms apply to WILLIAM BELL, or HECTOR CALBRAITH.

April 21. §

70,000 Pieces Nankeens,

Of the beſt quality and on reaſonable terms,

FOR SALE BY

Philip Nicklin & Co.

Auguſt 26. dtf

Wm. HOLDERNESSE,

No. 76 High Street,

HAS received, by the lateſt arrivals from Europe and the Eaſt Indies, a well ſelected aſſortment of Silk Mercery, Linen Drapery and Haberdaſhery Goods; which he will ſell, Wholeſale and Retail, on the loweſt terms;

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

Some fine India muſlins embroidered with gold and ſilver

Superfine Book, Jaconet, and Mulmul ditto

Do do do do Handkerchiefs

Some extra black taffeties, luteſtrings and colored Perſians

Bandano Handkerchiefs

Long and ſhort Nankeens

Engliſh Mantuas of the firſt quality

Damaſk table linen and napkins, very fine

Silk Hoſiery, an elegant aſſortment

Thead and cotton do

Umbrellas—green ſilk, oil'd do. and do cloth

French cambrics, very fine

Iriſh Linens, do. &c. &c. June 14 §

French Goods.

Received by the Sally, Mitchell, from Havre-de-Grace,

20 Trunks, 1 Caſe } Ladies' SHOES of all colors ſorts and ſizes

1 Ditto white and colored Silk STOCKINGS

1 Ditto Fine LAWN

1 Ditto beſt fine CAMBRIC

1 Ditto Ladies' beſt ſhammy and Grenoble Gloves

For Sale by THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.

aug. 24 §

A Book-Keeper,

OR Clerk's place is wanted by a perſon properly qualified, and whoſe character will be found unexceptionable. Apply to the Printer.

Aug. 11 1f

FOR SALE,

A Complete Font of Brevier,

ENtirely new, and yet unopened. The weight of this font is about 312 lb. It is from the Foundery of Wilſon & Sons, Glaſgow, and will be ſold at coſt & charges.

Alſo for Sale, a pair of Super Royal Chaſes.

Enquire at the Office of the Gazette of the Unitde States, 119 Cheſnut-ſtreet. Aug. 19 §4w

New-England RUM in Hhds.

COUNTRY GIN in barrels,

JUNIPER BERRIES in Caſks,

SPERMACETI, COMMON WHALE, and TANNERS } OIL.

SPERMACETI CANDLES,

Tallow Ditto, Mould and Dipt

White SOAP, in Boxes

Beſt Boſton BEEF, in barrels and half barrels

CODFISH, in hhds,

Beſt Boſton MACKREL, in barrels, and

A few choice ſmoaked SALMON, For Sale by

JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.

Alſo, a ſmall invoice of well aſſorted

INDIA GOODS,

JUST ARRIVED.

Aug. 23 §10

A very valuable MERCHANT MILL,

A DISTILLERY and BREWERY, and ſundry STONE QUARRIES to be let.

I will rent my merchant Mill at the little Falls of Potowmac, for any term not leſs than ſeven, nor more than eleven years, from the firſt day of September next. The mill-houſe is 42 by 40 feet, three ſtories high, built with ſtone, and has in it three pairs of French Burr Stones, two overſhot 18 feet water-wheels, and Evans's machinery complete, with every other thing proper and neceſſary for carrying on the buſineſs with diſpatch, and at as little expenſe as poſſible, all in good order.—From the mill to my landing on the Potomac river, (where craft, of any burthen may deliver grain and take in flour) it is about 40 yards, and from thence by water to George-Town and the City of Waſhington, about 3 miles, and to Alexandria about 11 miles. This ſituation, aided by a ſufficient capital, will command the produce of a very extenſive back country, where large quantities of wheat and other grain is annually made, the diſtance to it being from 8 to 10 miles leſs than to any market town upon the navigation of the Potowmac. There are on the premiſes a large ſtone Coopers' ſhop, a ſtone granary, and a commodious miller's houſe. At the landing aforeſaid a bridge is now building over the Potomac, which is in great forwardneſs and probably will be finiſhed the enſuing fall.

There are alſo on the premiſes, a Brewery and Diſtillery, built with ſtone, in them are three ſtills, two coppers or boilers, with every neceſſary article, all new, and in good order, and ſufficiently large to carry on the Brewery and Diſtillery upon a very extenſive plan. This property I will rent for the ſame term of years.

Upon my lands adjoining the premiſes, and along the banks of the river, where craft may lead with eaſe and diſpatch, is an immenſe quantity of building and foundation-ſtones. Four quarries are now open, and as many more may be opened with eaſe: the ſtone taken from theſe quarries is better, and has the preference at this market, to any other ſtone brought to it. I will rent theſe quarries ſeparately or together as may beſt ſuit.

On the top of the hill, and about 200 yards from the mill, is a ſtone Dwelling-houſe, large enough for the accommodation of a family: alſo, a kitchen, dairy, ſmoke-houſe, &c. and a garden, incloſed and in cultivation, the ſoi of which is equal in goodneſs to any in this ſtate. I will alſo rent this property.

Adjoining to the Brewery and Diſtillery is a Smith's ſhop, in which is a complete ſet of Blackſmith's tools, which I will alſo rent, and if agreeable I will hire to the tenant two negro blackſmiths, one of them is a complete workman.

If I rent out the ſtone quarries, I will ſell three crafts, which were built for the purpoſe of carrying ſtone: they will altogether bring upwards of 90 perch. Immediate poſſeſſion will be given. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber in this town.

The Mill, Brewery and Diſtillery, with their appurtenances, will be delivered to the tenant or tenants in good repair, and muſt be ſo returned, at the expiration of the leaſe or leaſes.

PHILIP RICHARD FENDALL.

Alexandria, Aug. 16—25 §8w

Juſt Arrived,

In the Snow Boſton, James Kirkpatrick, maſter from Liverpool,

5000 Buſhels SALT;

100 Crates QUEENS WARE; and

An Aſſortment of SHIP CHANDLERY;

FOR SALE

On board, at Pine-ſtreet wharf.—Apply to

James Campbell, or

George Latimer.

April 29. §

St. CROIX SUGAR and MOLASSES.

Landing from on board the ſchooner Little Tom, Capt. Thomas Dennett, at Race-ſtreet wharf,

A choice parcel of St. Croix Sugar, and a few hogſheads of Molaſſes.

For Sale by

Pragers and Co.

Auguſt 30 dto

Sales of India Goods.

The Cargo of the ſhip Ganges, capt. Tingey, from Calcutta and Bengal,

CONSISTING OF

A Large and general aſſortment of Bengal and Madras COTTON and SILK GOODS.

AMONG WHICH ARE

A variety fine worked and plain Muſlins,

Doreas, &c. Alſo,

A Quantity of Excellent Sugar,

In boxes and bags—and BLACK PEPPER,

For Sale by

Willings & Francis,

No. 21 Penn Street.

June 8 §

TAKE NOTICE,

THAT application will be made for the renewal of the following certificates, iſſued by Joſeph Nourſe, Regiſter of the Treaſury, in the name of Roger Griſwold, Eſq. of Norwich, Connecticut—

1 certificate, ſix per cent. domeſtic ſtock, No. 1,907—dated the 17th December, 1795, bearing intereſt from the firſt day of January, 1791, for 1,597 65-100 dollars.

1 ditto, three per cent. domeſtic ſtock, No. 10,682—dated December 16, 1795, bearing intereſt from the firſt day of January, 1791, for 994 30-100 dollars.

1 ditto, deferred ſtock, No. 9,166—dated the 17th December, 1795, bearing intereſt from the firſt January, 1801, for 798 83-100 dollars.

Said certificates are ſuppoſed to have been loſt or ſtolen in this city ſome time in December or January laſt. JOSEPH THOMAS,

No. 59, North Front-ſtreet.

Philadelphia, July 21, 1796. d6w.

FOR SALE,

COFFEE, in hhds. bbls. & bags

COTTON, of Demerara, and } entitled to drawback

SOAL-LEATHER

Alſo,

BOSTON BEEF, and Mould and Dipt CANDLES.

Apply to ISAAC HARVEY, Jun.

No. 5 ſouth Water-ſtreet.

8 mo. 20. §3w

Prime St. Croix Sugar & Rum,

Landing at Cliffords Wharf, from on board the brig Pragers, Capt. Thomas Watſon—

And For Sale by

Fragers & co.

Auguſt 26. d10t.

At a ſpecial meeting of the Board of Directors for eſtabliſhing uſeful Manufactures, holden at Paterſon, July 8, 1796,

RESOLVED, That a ſpecial meeting of the Stockholders of the Society be called on the firſt Monday, being the third day of October next, at Paterſon, by ten of the clock of the ſame day; then and there to take into conſideration the propriety of diſſolving the ſaid corporation, agreeably to the law in ſuch caſe made and provided—and the Stockholders are earneſtly requeſted to attend the ſaid meeting in perſon or by proxy.

Auguſt 27 dt30thO

DUTY ON CARRIAGES.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT agreeably to an act of Congreſs of the United States of America, paſſed at Philadelphia, the 28th day of May, 1796; laying duties on Carriages, for the conveyance of perſons, and repealing the former acts for that purpoſe.—That there ſhall be levied, collected and paid, upon all carriages for the conveyance of perſons, which ſhall be kept by or for any perſon, for his or her own uſe, or to let out to hire, or for the conveying of paſſengers, the ſeveral duties and rates following, to wit.

For and upon every Coach, 15 dols.

upon every Chariot, 12 dols.

upon every Poſt Chariot, 12 dols.

upon every Poſt Chaiſe, 12 dols.

upon every Phaeton, with or without top, 9 dols

upon every Coachee, 9 dols.

upon other Carriages, having panne/ work above, with blinds, glaſſes or curtains, 9 dols.

upon four wheel carriages, having framed poſts and tops with ſteel ſprings, 6 dols.

upon four wheel top Carriages, with wooden or iron ſprings or jacks, 3 dols.

upon curricles with tops, 3 dols.

upon chaiſes with tops, 3 dols.

upon chairs with tops, 3 dols.

upon ſulkies with tops, 3 dols.

upon other two wheel top carriages, 3 dols.

upon two wheel carriages, with ſteel or iron ſprings, 3 dols.

For and upon all other two wheel carriages, 2 dols.

upon every four wheel carriage, having framed poſts and tops, and reſting upon wooden ſpars, 2 dols.

The Collectors of the Revenue of the firſt ſurvey of the Diſtrict of Pennſylvania, will attend daily, until the 30th day of September next, for the purpoſe of receiving the duties on Carriages, at No. 117, in Race or Saſſafras ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia, at the houſe of Daniel S. Clair, Eſq. in the County of Montgomery; and at the houſe of Abraham Dubois, Eſq. in the County of Bucks; of which all perſons poſſeſſed of ſuch Carriages are deſired to take notice.

Notice is alſo given,

TO all retail dealers in Wines, and foreign diſtilled ſpirituous liquors, that licences will be granted to them; one licence for carrying on the buſineſs of retailing of Wines, in a leſs quantity, or in leſs quantities than 30 gallons—and one licence for carrying on the buſineſs of retailing Spirituous liquors in leſs quantities than 20 gallons, at the ſame time and at the ſame places, by the officers legally authorized to grant ſuch licences.

WILLIAM NICHOLS,

Inſpector of the Revenue of the firſt ſurvey of the diſtrict of Pennſylvania.

Office of Inſpection, at Philadelphia, 21ſt July, 1796. § 30

Dutch Goods,

Received by the Pennſylvania, from Amſterdam.

GIN, in pipes

Morlaix, Ticklenburgs, Oſnaburgs } In Bales

German, Haerlem, Hollands, Ravens } Stripes, in caſes

Bedticks, in ditto } DUCK, in ditto

Brittagnes, Platilles } in ditto

For Sale by THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.

aug. 29 §

For ſale by the ſubſcribers,

IN PENN-STREET,

130 quarter Cheſts freſh Hyſon Tea;

100 ditto do. freſh Souchong Tea;

300 Boxes China, containing ſmall tea ſetts of 42 pieces;

400 pieces Bandanoes.

Willings & Francis.

January 30 3taw.

Carolina Rice,

In tierces—

A few pipes of fourth proof Brandy,

7 by 9 and 8 by 10 Window Glaſs,

For Sale by

Gurney & Smith.

Auguſt 31. d6

LANDING,

From on board the ſhip STAR, Capt. Vanneman,

About 150,000 Bottles,

From Briſtol—For Sale by

F. Coppinger.

Auguſt 31. eotf

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for Sale at the ſhop of WILLIAM COBBETT, oppoſite Chriſt Church,

A PRINT, entitled

The SWAN *and the* WICK,

Or the *Treaty* of *Amity* and *Commerce* ſcornfully rejected.

May be had at the ſame place—

PORCUPINE, a print.

The BLUE SHOP, a pamphlet.

A PILL FOR P. P. do.

The IMPOSTOR DETECTED, do.

Sept. 5 3

Publiſhed by T. STEPHENS, No. 60, South Second ſtreet.

The Group;

Or, An ELEGANT REPRESENTATION

ILLUSTRATED.

Embelliſhed with a beautiful head of

S. VERGES, C. S.

THE publiſher thinks it a mark of reſpect, due to a liberal and enlightened public, to inform them that this is the Poem for the publiſhing of which he has been twice dragged from his houſe, and is now laboring under a vexatious proſecution. He is conſcious that the piece contains nothing either criminal or offenſive, unleſs original wit, decorated in elegant language, be criminal or diſguſting to the prevalent taſte; and, as he truſts that neither of theſe is the caſe, he ſubmits the work to the public with a full aſſurance of its meeting with a favorable reception.

He would beg his proſecutors to call to mind (if they have ever read it) the following apologue to a well known romance—"A young painter, indulging a vein of pleaſantry, ſketched a kind of *Converſation Piece*, reſpecting a bear, an owl, a monkey, and an aſs; and to render it more ſtriking, humourous, and moral, diſtinguiſhed every figure by ſome emblem of human life. Bruin was exhibited in the garb and attitude of an old, toothleſs, drunken ſoldier; the owl perched upon the handle of a coffee-pot, with ſpectacles on his noſe, ſeemed to contemplate a newſpaper; and the aſs ornamented with a huge tye-wig (which, however, could not conceal his long ears) ſat for his picture to the monkey, who appeared with the implements of painting. This *whimſical group* afforded ſome mirth, and met with general approbation, until ſome miſchievous wag hinted the whole was a lampoon upon an old officer, a phyſician, and a member of Parliament; an inſinuation which was no ſooner circulated, than theſe people began to be alarmed, and even to fancy themſelves ſignified by the ſeveral figures in the piece. The *furious group* fell upon the painter, who declared that he had no deſign to give offence, or to characterize particular perſons. They affirmed, *the reſemblance was too palpable to be overlooked*,—and their clamours being overheard by the public, the Captain was a bear, the Doctor an aſs, and the Senator an owl, to their dying day."——If a ſimilar fate ſhould attend the perſons who will inſiſt upon being the members of this group, the public will do the publiſher the juſtice to remember that it is no fault of his.

Auguſt 27. dtf

Commonwealth of Pennſylvania,

VERSUS NED CATON, A NEGRO MAN.

WHO was committed to the jail of Dauphin county, on his confeſſion of having robbed the waggon of a certain John Grace, Copperſmith and Tinman, belonging to Philadelphia, of Tin, Copper and Pewter ware, Spoons, Knives and Forks, ſome of which was found on the ſaid Negro; alſo, was found on him, a Morocco Leather Pocket Book, in which is wrote the name WILLIAM WESTON; it contains ſundry papers, which corroborate the ſuſpicion of the book having been ſtolen; amongſt which are Six Lottery Tickets, one in the Canal Lottery in Charleſton, one in Harvard College, one in the Federal City, two in the Pennſylvania Canal, inſured, and one in Patterſon Lottery, New-Jerſey, all in the poſſeſſion of

ALEX. BERRYHILL.

Harriſburgh, Auguſt 27th, 1796 eo3

TO BE SOLD,

At No. 128, North Second-Street, and by ſeveral of the Apothecaries in this City.

TRANSFERS of the right to remove pains and inflammations from the human body, as ſecured to Dr. ELISHA PERKINS, by patent, with inſtruments and directions neceſſary for the practice. This mode of treatment is particularly uſeful in relieving pains in the head, face, teeth, breaſt, ſide, ſtomach, back, rheumatiſms, recent gouts, &c. &c.

Notwithſtanding the utility of this practice, it is not preſumed but there are caſes in which this and every other remedy may ſometimes fail.

June 18, 1aw

A Handſome, well-broke

SADDLE HORSE,

For Sale, enquire at the Conеſtogo Stable's, the owner having no uſe for him.

Aug. 22 m&ſ2w

WANTED,

A STORE and Cellar or Compting house and Cellar. for the Wholesale and Dry Good business. Enquire at No. 129 Arch-street.

For Sale at the above place,

500 Boxes Window Glass, 8 by 10, 7 by 9, &c.

500 Cream Cheeses in the best order, imported from Holland, and entitled to drawback. Enquire of

Peter Borger,

Aug. 16 2aw3w

No. 139.

District of Pennsylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the nineteenth Day of July in the twenty-first Year of the Independence of the United States of America Thomas Dobson of the said District hath deposited in this Office the Title of a Book the Right whereof he claims as Proprietor in the words following to wit

"Selectæ e veteri Testamento Historiæ or select Passages from the old Testament. To which is added an alphabetical Vocabulary or Dictionary of the words contained in this Book wherein the Primitives of compound and derivative words are minutely traced and the Irregularities of anomalous Nouns and Verbs are particularly mentioned—For the use of those who are entering on the Study of theGreek and Latin Languages.

"Quo citius, quo facilius, eo melius.

"By James Hardie A. M. Teacher of the Greek and Latin Languages"—

in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States intituled, "An Act for the Encouragement of Learning by securing the Copies of Maps Charts and Books to the Authors and Proprietors of such Copies during the times therein mentioned.

Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Dist. Pennsylv.

No. 140.

District of Pennsylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the 19th day of July in the twenty-first year of the Independence of the United States of America, Thomas Dobson of the said district hath deposited in this office the title of a Book the right whereof he claims as proprietor in the words following to wit

"Unitarianism explained and defended in a discourse delivered in the church of the Universalists at Philadelphia 1796. By Joseph Priestley, L. L. D. F. R. S. &c.

"That they might know thee the only true God and Jesus Christ whom thou hast sent. John XVII. 3.

"To us there is but one God the Father of whom are all things. 1 Cor. VIII. 6.

"By evil report and good report as deceivers and yet true. 2 Cor. VI. 8.

in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States intituled "An Act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of maps charts and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned."

Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Dist. Pennsylv.

No. 141.

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BE it remembered that on the 19th Day of July in the the twenty-first year of the independence of the United States of America Thomas Dobson of the said district hath deposited in this office the title of a Book the right whereof he claims as proprietor in the words following to wit

"Discourses relating to the evidences of revealed religion delivered in the church of the Universalists at Philadelphia 1796 and published at the request of many of the hearers. By Joseph Priestley L. L. D. F. R. S. &c. &c.

"Be ready always to give an answer to every man that asketh you a reason of the hope that is in you.

"1 Pet. III. 15."

in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States intituled "An Act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of maps charts and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned"

Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Dist. Pennsylv.

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District of Pennsylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the nineteenth day of July in the twenty-first year of the Independence of the United States of America Thomas Dobson of the said district hath deposited in this office the title of a Book the right whereof he claims as proprietor in the words following to wit

"Considerations on the doctrine of Phlogiston and the decomposition of Water—By Joseph Priestley, L. L. D. F. R. S. &c &c.

"Qualem commendes etiam atque etiam aspice."

"Horace."

in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States intituled "An Act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of Maps Charts and Books to the authors and proprietors of such Copies during the times therein mentioned"

Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Dist. Pennsylv.

FOR SALE,

A very Valuable Estate,

CALLED *TWITTENHAM*, situate in the township of Upper Derby, and county of Delaware, 7 1-2 miles from Philadelphia, and half a mile from the new Western road: containing 230 acres of excellent land, 45 of which are good watered meadow, 90 of prime woodland, and the rest arable of the first quality. There are on the premises a good two story brick house, with 4 rooms on a floor, and cellars under the whole, with a pump-well of excellent water in front; a large frame barn, stables, and other convenient buildings; a smoke-house and stone, spring-house; two good apple orchards, and one of peaches. The fields are all in clover, except those immediately under tillage, and are so laid out as to have the advantage of water in each of them, which renders it peculiarly convenient for grazing.

The situation is pleasant and healthy, and from the high cultivation of the land, the good neighbourhood, and the vicinity to the city, it is very suitable for a gentleman's country seat.

The foregoing is part of the estate of Jacob Harman, deceased, and offered for sale by

Mordecai Lewis,

Oct. 9. eo.] Surviving Executor.

TO BE SOLD,

That Neat and Convenient House,

WHEREIN the subscriber now lives. There are four rooms on a floor: the house is two stories high with a good garret above: under the whole is an excellent cellar, with a dry well, in which is a convenient framed chamber for preserving meat, butter, &c. in warm weather. Attached to the house is a Stable for three horses, hay-loft, granary, and carriage-house, a wood-yard paved with stone, and a garden with soil of a fine quality. An indisputable title will be made to the purchaser. For farther particulars apply to the subscriber in Princeton, or. in her absence to Thomas D. Johnson, Esq. or the rev. Samuel S. Smith.

ANN WITHERSPOON.

Princeton, Aug 24. 2awtO

INFORMATION

IS given daily of the drawing of the WASHINGTON LOTTERY, at the Office

No. 147 *Chesnut-street*,

between Fourth and Fifth streets. Also, where Tickets may yet be had. Sept. 1. eo

☞ The Sixteenth and Seventeenth Days drawing is arrived.

From the WESTERN STAR.

MR. ANDREWS,

THE following Certificate fell into my hands by accident. But as it purports to be intended for public benefit, I think the author of it can have no objection to its being published in the Star. You are therefore requested to publish it, and you will oblige Yours, CANDIDUS.

WILLIAMSTOWN, August 22, 1796.

"THIS certifies that in frequent conversations "with the Hon. *Thompson J. Skinner*, Esq. at the "time when Congress were deliberating about making appropriations for carrying into effect our "Treaty with Great-Britain, he fully and repeatedly expressed his sentiments to me, and to "others in my hearing, in favour of making the "necessary appropriations, and passing the necessary Laws for that purpose.

"This I freely certify, an an act of Justice due "from me, and not with any view to interfere in "the approaching election of a member of Congress from this district any further than certifying "this fact (that the Freemen may on good information act their own independent sentiments) "may be so considered. EBENEZER FITCH,

President of Williams College."

"I hereby certify that the above is a true Copy "of the original, subscribed by Mr. *Fitch*, and "which is in my possession.

WILLIAM WALKER."

SPRINGFIELD, August 30.

From Correspondents.

"*WHAT think ye of the treaty now?*" This question was asked by a writer in the Gazette of the United States, and it seems to have roused the wrath of the Aurora. A paragraphist in the latter, will not allow that we are to think it a very great matter to have the posts, because, (and is not this a very foolish reason) we ought to have had them long ago. This argument, if it may be called argument, shews that we ought never to have had them at all.

IF the war party had ruled the roast, we should not have had them. They would have had no treaty, how then could we have gained them? By way! They said so, and swore to it. According to their own story, therefore, (and its strange to find any fact according to their story) we owe the possession of the posts to the treaty. This makes it proper to put the question, again and again, *Jacobins, what think ye of the treaty now?*

THE writer in the Aurora observes, *by the by*, that the British are guilty of a breach of the treaty, because they held the posts SIX weeks after the first of June, when they ought to have been given up according to the treaty. Son of confession, there we catch you. The Aurora has filled more than an hundred columns to prove that the treaty was not binding on our government, at least not upon the representative branch of it, 'till it was sanctioned by Mr. Gallatin, Mr. Findley, Mr. Swanwick, and all other foreign patriots, who have come over to teach us what liberty is, and how to pronounce our mother tongue. The name of George Washington, with the seal of the United States, was a bauble that made the instrument neither one thing nor the other, 'till the House had said it would do. Be it so, for a moment—Then pray, Mr. Inconsistency, was the treaty broken because it was not fulfilled before it was made? It was voted in the House on the 30th of April to appropriate money to carry it into effect. It did not become a law, and appear in our gazettes for weeks after. Then to send notice to Detroit would take several weeks. Then to settle the manner of delivering of the posts would consume more time. Yet this is a breach of the treaty by the British! This accusation proves clearly that the new doctrine of Mr. Gallatin, respecting a share of the treaty power for the representative branch, is no more believed in by one party than the other; otherwise they would not charge the British with breaking the treaty, while it was their own song that it was nothing, a mere dead letter, depending on their voice to call it into life. But who looks for consistency from the anarchists. It is like expecting grapes from thorns, or figs from thistles.

PEOPLE addicted to a certain practice, should have good memories. When a law of Congress stands in the way of a treaty, said the Gallatin party, it is necessary that it should be repealed by Congress, otherwise the treaty cannot operate. So they said and sung, and so to their disgrace say the Journals of the House. Who believed one word of all this? Surely not the Gallatin squadron.—The very men who voted in this way, voted for the Spanish treaty, although that treaty directly annuls a law, and although Mr. Goodhue explicitly warned them of their inconsistency. After this, it will be an up-hill draught to maintain that certain men were sincere and acted from principle. No doubt their constituents will stick a pin there.

WHITESTOWN, August 26.

On the evening of the 17th inst. a murder was committed at the house of John Wemple, in the Oneida Castle: an Indian of that tribe well known by the name of *Saucy Nick*, is upon very good grounds supposed to be the perpetrator of this greatest of crimes. On information of the murder, *upon oath*, Judge White, without one hours delay, issued his warrant for the apprehension of the murderer; with instructions to the officer, to make application to the chiefs of the nation, and demand the offender; and we are happy in the information, that the nation very readily delivered over the *accused* to the justice of the state, to be punished by our laws. Several of the nation accompanied the officer to the jail. The person murdered, was a white man, and the information received, justifies a belief, that he was from some part of Long Island, on his way to the military tract, to explore a lot of land, which he acquired by his services as a soldier in the revolution-war—his name is supposed to be *Henry Crafts*, and he suggested that he had worked in a paper manufactory for a Mr. Onderdonk of Long-Island.

P. S. Travellers need not be under any apprehension in passing through the reservations, as the Indians shew a disposition to respect personal security, and punish offenders.

From the FARMER'S WEEKLY MUSEUM.

"*And he said unto me—what seest thou?—*
And I said A BASKET OF SUMMER FRUIT."

IN every annual revolution there are certain periods, at which men indulge ideas of association, whence they may derive, either the pleasant or the profitable. Thus, the gradual approach of cheerful spring, the youth of the year, naturally induces us to speculate upon the youth of human life; The naked boughs and dropping leaf of the autumnal tree remind us of mortal decay. On the first of January, we ponder on the past, and project for the future: by the command of custom, we date the anniversary of our birth, and, by the command of the law, *times to weep* and *to laugh* we observe with religious solemnities.

These periodical habits are of peculiar utility, and deserve to be studiously cherished. They beget serious reflection, and communion with one's self. They suggest at least, *plans* of reformation. "In castle building," as a sagacious philosopher has remarked, "no man is a villain." Though our *intended* good deeds terminate as they began, in reverie, still it is better for our thoughts merely to hover round the temple of virtue, than to be utterly stagnant. Among the forcible arguments ingeniously urged, by the pious advocate for the observance of the sacred day, that is not the least impressive, which proves that by going mechanically to church we shall, at length, go religiously there.

For these and other reasons, a sermon on the seasons may be useful. Whatever recalls man from low cares to extended views, whatever rouzes insensibility, and excites to gratitude, and to love of nature is surely meritorious. The Lay Preacher, since the commencement of his weekly labors, has seen, and has *attempted* to moralize the natural operations of January, of May, and of June. The beginning and middle of a favored year have passed in review before him; but the rich *maturity* remains to be considered, and extolled. Though the curious and the dissipated of our cities boast of their expensive exhibitions; though, with rapture, they gather round the tutored quadrupeds of LAILSON, and of RICKETS, still there are "*sights*," easily and cheaply to be seen, which are incomparably more amusing and gorgeous. To the beauteous SHOW of the season, men and brethren, you are invited, not by the advertisement of an adventurer, not by a juggler's devices, but by the voice of nature. Her *tickets* are inscribed on the green leaf, and the corn blade, and her spacious *amphitheatre* is open to you without a fee. All may now, discern in reality, what the prophet saw, in the obscurity of a vision "*A basket of summer fruit*," ripe and plenteous, testifying the goodness of the year, and crowning it with gladness.

Spring and Summer are periods of expectation The farmer beholds the corn fall into the bosom of the ground, and the young shoots rise, but all is uncertainty, till the produce is gathered into the garner. Many an anxious look is cast up to the varying sky, lest the former and latter rain should too scantily, or too copiously descend, lest the sun should too fiercely glow, or mildewing vapours float, on vegetation. But, when the grass is dried and secured, when the mellow fruit of the orchards is melting into his casks, and the *harvest* moon lights his reaper to the last wheat sheaf, then is solicitude appeased, and he, exultingly, exclaims "I have finished."

The present, is the very period, in which harvest, that "consummation" so "devoutly to be wished" by every husbandman, takes place. Of those Divines, who use themselves to preach occasional sermons, I perceive it is the practice, to paint, and to praise the benefits of ahat particular year, in which its eulogium is composed. But, although of the numerous good days which happy Americans have reckoned, those, which compose the current year, have shone among the fairest, yet, it is not the design of this discourse to speak only of the *fruit basket* of the present season. Our baskets are always full, ours are those regular alterations of heat and moisture which beget plenty to the husbandman, for we have "a south land," and "springs of water," we have the "upper and the nether springs."

At all times, America seems a priviledged quarter of the globe. "Fruit" ever abounding, subject to no tithe, and eaten in tranquility marks our happy distinction. These topicks being slightly considered, the patience of the reader shall be relieved by the close of the sermon.

Whatever historical volumes, or system of geography we peruse, we find that most countries are exposed either to baleful vicissitudes of climate or the capricious violence of tempest, drought or inundation. In the hallowed volume, almost every verse, allusive to the natural history of Palestine, in old time, contains some memorial of the irregularity of its seasons. Agreeably to modern travellers, the inhabitants of many parts of the East, still smart under the scourge of the elements. In Syria, rain is witnessed, for months, and who has not heard of the scorching sands of Arabia? The Nile, the grand fertilizer of Egypt, like an over fond parent, sometimes smothers the object which it cherishes. Cairo the mart of nations, sometimes bemoans in dust, her scanty harvests.

"*And Mecca, saddens at their long delay.*"

If we survey regions of happier temperature, still the journals of their weather make extreme variableness, and, in many years, their "baskets of summer fruit" are not high piled. We can scarcely look at a paragraph of foreign news in our Gazettes without remarking a melancholy narrative of the scarcity of corn, and of a famished populace, clamoring for bread. But when, my countrymen, do you suffer these calamities? What year is of such Egyptian sterility, that ye can be asked the question, proposed to the prophet in my text, and not answer, like him? The rains do not descend, nor the floods come in such torrents, as to drown our plains. The green corn is not burnt by vertical sun beams, nor overthrown by a mighty wind. The fields regularly yield meat; and, in our Samaria, there is no gate, where the portress is famine.

When the harvests of America are ripe for the sickle, the product is completely ours, without deduction. According to BRYDONE, a lazy lordling eats, what the slavish Sicilian peasant has sown. But here, no Melchizedic claims a tithe. The moderate takes of a Federal Government wring not a penny from the farmer. Lolling luxury is exiled for its coach, but the plough and the cart go free.

To close the enumeration of our blessings, we pluck our full ears, and we eat them in safety. In France, the "dogs of war," have trampled the vines of Champagne, and weeping Flanders has exchanged the tilled for the "tented field." But thanks to our Supreme Guardian—thanks to WASHINGTON, and the "peacemakers," we behold the "baskets," the orchards, the vales of "summer fruit" and not a single *pike*, not a distant gleam of horrid steel mars the view. Fortunate America, like Israel of old, you "dwell in safety alone," your "heavens drop down dew," and your "fountain is upon a land of corn."

The LAY PREACHER.

From late London Papers.

What with disputes about Prizes taken on the High Seas, and disputes between Men and their Wives, business goes on swimmingly at Doctor's Commons. The encrease in the last article, verifies the old Proverb: "When a couple are newly married, the first month is honey-moon, or smicksmack; the second, *hither and thither*; the third, *thwick thwack*; and the fourth, *the Devil take them that brought you and me together.*

Patents.—Among all the Patents in this country, nothing has more curiosity than a Sign board, in the neighbourhood of Hackney, on which a Gentleman proclaims that he deals in *Patent Vegetables!*

A ridiculous circumstance lately happened in St. James's street. As Mrs. Burton was crossing, she stooped under the head of a coach-horse, the hungry animal seized her Straw Bonnet, which he eat, before it could be rescued from his jaws.

Mrs. Piozzi sojourns at a rural cottage in the beautiful Vale of Cluydd, where she has just finished a Poem, entitled, "The Sports of the Goats."

A certain Gentleman at his marriage thought he had got a Lamb—but as Mungo says, "adod he has got a Tartar!"

LITERARY.—*PARIS.*

A new Play, entitled, *L'Interieur des comites Revolutionaires*, (the Interior of the Revolutionary Committees) was given on the 16th inst. at the Theatre de la Cite, and received with the most enthusiastice bursts of applause.

Four large volumes in 8vo. will shortly be published, which contain the crimes committed under the four different Legislatures, and especially under the reign of the Convention.

Antonelle, Publicola, Poultier, and all the other Editors of the Terrorist Journals, continue to inveigh against the Directory, the Members of which they state to be monsters. They spare none but Barras.

INSPRUCK, June 5.

Yesterday the following notice was published:

"The government informs the public, that the head quarters of the Imperial army are now at Roveredo; and that in consequence every attention ought to be shewn to that quarter, and towards the Frontiers of Tyrol, which join Italy; and that it is necessary to send as much provisions as possible to them. The imperial troops still cover the countries of Tyrol, and as yet the enemy has not appeared on the frontiers; therefore the brave and faithful Tyrolian troops ought to hold themselves in readiness to march, if circumstances should require it. It is also essential not to lose sight of the Vintschgan, and the Oberinthal. Arms will be distributed as soon as they arrive, according as it may be judged most convenient.

LONDON, June 27.

We on Saturday mentioned, that on that morning, two old houses in Houghton street, Clare-market, occupied by several poor families, fell down, and involved in their ruins the major part of their inhabitants. About four o'clock in the morning, the watchman was alarmed by the falling of several panes of glass from the windows, and, on observation, discovered chasms in both houses. He alarmed the tenants of each; but, through some unaccountable apathy, they could not be prevailed upon to move. The landlord, a butterman in the market, was applied to, who, in vain, warned them of their danger. About half past eight both houses fell; in one there were sixteen persons, three in the other: seven were, in the course of the day, dug out dead, some of them children, suffocated, and nine alive, but miserably bruised. A woman of the name of Moore, nearly 70 years of age, was heard in some of the lower parts crying for assistance: her body was not found till about eight on Saturday night, when life had left it. There are two still among the rubbish, which the people are cautious in removing, dreading they shall be buried by the fall of the adjoining houses.

In the evening while some workmen were employed in propping the adjoining houses, part of the wall fell in, and threw down the ladders upon which they were standing. The men were so much bruised by the fall, that they were carried to the Hospital, in a dangerous state.

July 9.

Mr. WHITBREAD's WILL.

The following are some of the principal heads of Mr. Whitbread's will, and of those who are benefited by it—

To his son, Samuel Whitbread, Esq. he has bequeathed the whole of his freehold estates, together with the brewery concerns, except a part to his daughter the wife of Mr. Grey, which was secured to her in her marriage settlement. To his son in-law, James Gordon, Esq. to his nephews, Jacob Whitbread and John Wingate Jennings, Esquires, he has bequeathed 5000l. each; also 10000l. being the amount of three bonds given by Lord St. John, his son-in-law, to whom he left 1000l. the amount of another bond, also given by him.

To his three head clerks, Mr. Sangiter, Mr. Yellowly and Mr. Green, he has left 500l. each, who are all trustees for the management of the brewery. To Mr. Harman, his private clerk, 500l. To his butler 100l. and to every servant throughout his concerns, including clerks, domestics, draymen, and every other description, he has left a token of his

regard, beſides various ſums from 100l. to 10l. in annuities, to old ſervants, and widows of ſervants. He has alſo made a clauſe in his will, which ſets forth, that ſhould his clerks, Mr. Green, Mr. Yellowly, and Mr. Sangſter, at any time be deſirous of purchaſing a ſhare in the brewery concerns, his ſon ſhall accede to the propoſal, and give them credit for any ſum they may want for that purpoſe, on their own bonds, not exceeding 100,000l.

To the different hoſpitals in the metropolis and elſewhere, he has bequeathed upwards of 15,000l. among which are St. Bartholomews, Bethlem, Lying-in, St. George's, Small-Pox and St. Luke's. To two charitable ſchools (a boy's and girl's) 500l. each, in the pariſh of St. Luke; alſo to the repairing of the gaol at Bedford 300l. and towards the building of an infirmary at the above place 4000l. and towards the maintenance of it 4000l. The many legacies left to old acquaintances, friends, rectors, curates and tenants, and diſtant relations, are incredible.

Moody, the actor, went down to the late Stafford election, and there perſormed his part uncommonly well, and was well paid for it. He was aſked whether he had a *vote?* "No, but I have a *voice*," was his reply, "and if I do not receive 400 hard earned guineas before to-morrow morning, I will make ſuch a ſpeech on the Huſtings as will make ſome folks ſtare!"—He received the money, and *mum* became the order of the day.

Several thouſand cwt. of damaged rice were ſold by the Eaſt-India Company, at eighteen pence per cwt. it anſwers excellently well for feeding poultry, pigs, &c.

PHILADELPHIA,

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1796.

By Capt. R. Meaſe, of the ſchooner Lively, 15 days from Cape-Frsncois, we learn, that ſome days previouſly to his ſailing the Britiſh had taken poſſeſſion of Monte Chriſto, by expreſs invitation from the Spaniards, who ſent to the Mole for the purpoſe: This ſtep, however, was not deemed of any conſequence at the Cape, and certainly was very imprudent in the Spaniards, as by treaty their whole poſſeſſions are ceded to the French, in St. Domingo; and thoſe concerned in this affair will no doubt be made to ſuffer for their temerity and folly. Since the arreſtation of Etienne and Barraſcall, two noted chiefs of the blacks, by the order of government, the negroes have burned ſeveral plantations near Port-de-Paix: 400 men from that place, under Gen. Pageot, marched againſt them and forced them to retreat to the mountains and ravines, where it was impoſſible for white men to follow them. Perroud, one of the former adminiſtrators of Port-de-Paix, is appointed miniſter plenipotentiary from the republic to the leeward neutral iſlands. and one Thibeaux is appointed in his place. Buſineſs of every kind very dull at the Cape.

On his paſſage home, Capt. M. ſaw a ſloop of war on ſhore upon the Weſt Caicos, and ſuppoſed her to be the La Serieuſe French corvette of 20 eighteen pounders, that ſailed from the Cape the day before—The violence of the gale which blew at the time, prevented him from rendering any aſſiſtance. In lat. 32, 30, long. 75, ſaw three frigates ſtanding to the S. W. which he ſuppoſed to be Barney's diviſion.

[*Am. D. Adv.*]

From the COURIER FRANCAIS.

A courier diſpatched from Port San-Domingo reached Cape-Francois on the 18th Auguſt, and brought intelligence, that a French corvette juſt arrived at San-Domingo had announced, that the fleet of Don Solano, which, united with that of Richery is compoſed of 32 ſhips of the line, may momently be expected, the corvette having been only a few days a head of the fleet.

The iſland of Dominica has been taken by Victor Hugues from the Engliſh.

Tortola, one of the Virgin Iſlands, has alſo been taken, and 60 Engliſh merchantmen were captured there by the Republicans.—The iſland is entirely ruined.

The Britiſh have almoſt entirely evacuated St. Lucia, where they occupy only Morne Fortune from which they will alſo ſoon be driven.

Tranſlated for the GAZETTE of the UNITED STATES.

SKETCHES OF THE CHARACTER OF BUONAPARTE,

From a late Paris Paper.

June 3.

Buonarparte is of the age of 27. By birth a Corſican—but educated in France. He early entered into the artillery ſchool, in which his induſtry and application ſoon procured him the rank of captain. His aſpiring ſoul delighted no leſs in the ſtudy of Hiſtory than of Mathematicks and Tactics. He is of a ſmall ſtature and very thin—his countenance pale—but bold and warlike. He keeps his ſang froid amidſt the greateſt dangers, and ſeems to be entirely unacquainted with what is called fear.—Tho' he be involved in ſituations ever ſo trying and intricate, it is not his nature to deſpair of ſucceſs in his enterprizes. He ſeems to be in his element when contending againſt obſtacles and difficulties. Like Jourdan and Pichegru, when in large circles, he is ſerious and ſilent. In ſocial circles he will enter into converſation freely, and expreſs himſelf with perſpicuity and preciſion. Literary, philoſophical, and political converſations, poſſeſs equal allurements for him. In a narrow, diminutive body, he harbours an intrepid ſoul, a noble feeling heart, and a mind exquiſitely cultivated. He is a dutiful ſon, a warm friend, a tender huſband, and of courſe, a good citizen.

VIENNA, June 1.

BEAULIEU.

This moſt deſerving of Netherlanders was born in the ſmall town of Jodoigne, in the Dutchy of Brabant.

He commenced his career by ſerving in the German regiment of infantry, Bayreuth, which was ſtationed for a long time in the Netherlands, and chiefly at Luxemburgh.

When in the year 1757, during the Pruſſian war, the grand ſtaff of the army was eſtabliſhed in favor of Field Marſhal Count Daun, Beaulieu, as an engineer of acknowledged merit, was admitted; and his ſignal ſervices in that quality procured him the croſs of the military order of Thereſa. The peace of Hubertſburg being concluded in 1763, he attended the Field Marſhal to Vienna in quality of aid-de-camp, and made at this time thoſe fine improvements the garden and canal for the caſtle of Luxemburgh. Some years after this he was, on account of infirmity, permitted to repoſe, and was appointed Commandant of the city of Mechlin, in Brabant, with the rank of a Colonel.—The diſturbances in Belgium having broken out, he inſtantly offered his ſervices again; when he was appointed Quarter-Maſter General of the ſmall army then in thoſe parts. In this capacity the eminent ſervices he rendered are well known, as alſo thoſe ſince againſt the French.

Beaulieu now upwards of 70 years of age, is well made, thin, and of a very brown complexion, with piercing looks, which are heightened by his black hair. He is a widower, and has had two children only. An only and promiſing ſon, a captain in the corps of chaſſeurs, was ſhot by the Belgium malcontents. This loſs almoſt bereft the old man of his reaſon. His daughter he gave in marriage to the Baron de Maelcamp, ſon of an Imperial major-general, and a netherlander, on condition of his adopting the name of Beaulieu. He is now a captain in his Walloon regiment, and his ſecond aid-de-camp.

PARIS, June 3.

Jourdan's army conſiſts of 120,000 men, and his vanguard of 20,000 grenadiers.

BY THIS DAY's MAIL.

PORTSMOUTH, (N. H.) Auguſt 27.

The neceſſity of a Conſul being appointed by the authority of the U. States, to reſide at Demarara, will clearly appear, we think, by the following copy of an original certificate delivered to a gentleman, reſiding there for publication.

WE the ſubſcribers, citizens of the U. States of America, do certify by theſe preſents, the neceſſity of having a perſon in the colony of Demarara (to reſide there) in the capacity of Conſul from the United States of America; to aſſiſt with his good advice thoſe captains and traders that viſit the place for the purpoſe of diſpoſing of their cargoes; and as we have (from the time of our reſiding in this colony) experienced great difficulty, for want of advice and not underſtanding the languages, have met with great loſſes, by ſelling our merchandize to people unknown to us, by which means ſome of us have great ſums of money outſtanding, and will with difficulty be collected; that we have frequently been in diſtreſs for want of a place to depoſit our dead, alſo to provide for ſick ſeamen lodgings convenient for them in their diſtreſſed ſituation, all which taken into conſideration, we do think it abſolutely neceſſary, for the citizens of the American States, as well as for the commerce of this place, that his excellency the Preſident of the American States ſhould for this purpoſe appoint a capable perſon to reſide in this colony as a Conſul from the U. States aforeſaid

Witneſs our hands, Demarara, 13th April 1796.

James Dryburgh, Charleſton.
Samuel Lathrop, Boſton.
Richard S. Tibbits, Portſmouth N. H.
Charles Nutter, Philadelphia.
Samuel Low, Providence.
Joſiah Shackford, Portſmouth N. H.
John Pritchet, Philadelphia.
William Lawrence, State of New-York.
Thomas Reilly, Philadelphia.
Samuel Leighton, Boſton.
Joſhua Gage, Boſton.
Thomas Hunt, Philadelphia.

NEW-YORK, September 5.

Mr. Monroe is undoubtedly recalled. A letter from Paris of June 7, ſtates that "the Executive Directory of France have not the moſt favorable opinion of the abilities of the American miniſter."

Capt Seton of the brig Nancy, arrived from Jamaica, on Tueſday laſt between the Capes of the Cheſapeak and the Capes of the Delaware, ſaw Admiral Murray's ſquadron with a frigate in tow.

By late letters from Jamaica, we are informed, the Iſland is very ſickly—The extreme drought continues, and numbers of cattle die daily; which, from their putrid effluvia, has cauſed a dangerous Epidemic, that affects the inhabitants in general, as well as the new comers. The South ſide of the Iſland does not furniſh any vegetables or plantains, and Guinia corn is as high as a piſtole per buſhel.

SAVANNAH, Auguſt 16.

CITY COUNCIL,

Savannah, Aug. 15, 1796.

A letter from the honorable John Edwards, intendant of the city of Charleſton, on the 11th inſt. was received, incloſing a Reſolution of the Medical Society of that place, of the 10th inſt. tranſmitted to the intendant and wardens of Charleſton, ſhewing that there does not exiſt at preſent, in Charleſton, any contagious malignant fever known to the ſaid ſociety.

Whereupon Ordered, That the Reſolution of Council, of the 3d inſt. be reſcinded, and that the communication between Charleſton and Savannah, be free and uninterrupted.

Extract from the Minutes,
THOMAS PITT, *C. C.*

CHARLESTON, Auguſt 23.

We are informed that, in addition to the ſubſcription for the relief of the unfortunate ſufferers by the late fires, received from the citizens of Philadelphia, Meſſrs. Jones & Clarke who lately removed there from this city, have directed their agent here to preſent, on their behalf, the ſum of FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS.

The Intendant has alſo received from Mr. Daniel Bowen, of the town of Boſton, the ſum of THIRTY DOLLARS, being the proceeds of an exhibition of his Muſeum, which he gave for the benefit of the ſufferers by the late fire. Mr. Bowen informs the intendant, that a ſubſcription is on foot in Boſton for the purpoſe of affording further relief to the ſufferers.

Died, on the morning of the 12th inſts Mr. James Earle, portrait painter, a native of Maſſachuſetts. In the line of his profeſſion he was excelled by none in America, and by very few in Europe. His amiable diſpoſition and agreeable manners, make his ſudden death much lamented by all who had the pleaſure of his acquaintance. He has left a wife and three children in London.

Auguſt 23.

James Hardy, Eſq. of New-York, lately ſent *Six Barrels of Flour*, to his friend in this city, as a contribution from him for the relief of the ſufferers by fire here.

NORFOLK, Auguſt 29.

By a pilot arrived in town this morning, we learn of the arrival of Captain Barney off our Capes, with a 74, and two 74's cut down to 50 gun ſhips—they came along the coaſt from the ſouthward, in company with ſeveral American ſchooners, and made the Capes yeſterday afternoon. There were two Britiſh frigates and a brig to the eaſtward of the Capes, who on diſcovering them ſtood off ſhore N. E. and the French ſhips crowded ſail and ſtood after them; when laſt ſeen, they were but a ſhort diſtance apart.

A ſchooner from the Mole, 14 days, (now in the Roads) was boarded by one of the French frigates, and from an officer learnt their force and number of men, which he ſaid was 1600.

The above ſquadron arrived at the Havanna from the Cape, on the 9th inſtant, and ſailed from thence on the 11th. (*Herald.*)

Auguſt 30.

By a pilot arrived here yeſterday, we learn of the arrival of four French ſhips of War off the Cape—they came from the Southward in company with ſeveral American veſſels.—There were two Britiſh frigates and a brig to the eaſtward of the cape, who on diſcovering them crowded all ſail and ſteered N. E. and the French ſhips gave chace; when laſt ſeen they were but a ſmall diſtance apart.

A ſchooner from Cape Nichola Mole, was boarded by one of the French frigates, and from an officer learnt their force and number of men, which he ſaid was 1600.

The above ſquadron it is ſuppoſed is commanded by Captain Barney, and each frigate mounts 44 guns.—Captain Barney ſailed from the Havanna two days before Capt. Hatton, who arrived here on Sunday, via Baltimore, on a cruize, to intercept the homeward bound Jamaica Fleet.

(*Am. Gazette.*)

From the (Baltimore) TELEGRAPHE.

Friday, Sept. 2.

Yeſterday arrived ſhip Frederica and Henrietta, of Bremen, in nine weeks from Plymouth.

The pilot who brought up the above ſhip informs, that on Sunday laſt, about 2 o'clock, P. M. a French 64 gun ſhip and two frigates (ſuppoſed to be Capt. Barney) ſtanding eaſtward, and immediately after ſaw ſix Britiſh ſhips of war within ſight of land to the eaſtward of Cape-Henry; one of the Britiſh veſſels, a frigate, being a conſiderable diſtance in advance of the others, threw out ſignals and fired five guns, upon which the others crowded all ſail and followed her; at this time there was a calm, but a ſtiff breeze ſpringing up, the Britiſh were wafted within full hull ſight of the French before the breeze overtook *them*; in this ſituation our informant loſt ſight of them.

Saturday, Sept. 3.

Arrived laſt evening, the brig Polly, Capt. Hammit, in 12 days from Aux Cayes. The only news which Capt. Hammit brings, is, that a large body of French troops had left Aux-Cayes, with an intention of proceeding againſt Jeremie. Capt. H. left a number of veſſels from this port at Aux-Cayes, but could not recollect their names. On his paſſage was boarded by the Capt. of the Prevoyante, from on board of which veſſel a man who had been formerly impreſſed and ill treated, was put into his veſſel to be conveyed to Baltimore.

Arrived, ſhip Union, Capt. Daſhield, 54 days from Liſbon.

Auguſt 29, lat. 37, 38, long. 72, 30, ſpoke the ſchooner Atlantic, Taylor, from New-York, bound to Jamaica, 3 days out, all well.

Auguſt 31, lat. 37, 40, N. long. 72, 30, W. ſpoke the brig Peggy, Stoddart, from New-York, bound to St. Thomas', three days out, all well.

Monday laſt, Capt. D. ſaw three French frigates and a large ſhip, which he took to be a prize, ſtanding to the eaſtward.

From the MARYLAND JOURNAL.

September 3.

Mr. Thomas Jones, pilot, informs, that he ſaw on Sunday laſt about 10 o'clock, A. M. three French ſhips of war, two of them were frigates, the other appeared to be a 64 or 74, at the ſame time ſix Britiſh ſhips of war were in ſight, two 64 and three frigates and a ſloop, who immediately gave chace to the Frenchmen, the latter who appeared to be very much unconcerned until the Britiſh were within a few miles of them, when they crouded all ſail and puſhed.

Some ſuppoſe that the above French ſhips are thoſe belonging to Commodore Barney, but from other intelligence, it ſeems very improbable, however ſhould it be the Commodore, we have full confidence in his manœuvres, being perſuaded they will never catch him, unleſs paying very dear for it.

STOLEN,

From the Compting-Houſe of RALPH MATHER, No. 12, Quarry-ſtreet, on Saturday or Sunday night laſt, the following NOTES, *&c.*

	DOLLARS.
John Nicholſon, to Moorhouſe, due Nov. 1, 1797, bearing intereſt,	5000
David Alliſon to James Cramond, due in March laſt,	4075
J. W. & W. Gibbs to Ralph Mather, at 70 days, Auguſt 20th,	1681 98
Ferdinand Gourdon to Ralph Mather, at four months, Auguſt 17th,	264 13
Benjamin Chamberlain, at 60 days, Auguſt 6,	213 53
Affleck to Jos. Buſwell, at 6 months, dated May	180 64
Parker and Greaves to Ralph Mather, on demand	100

A bill by Harford to Harford, not accepted, 1811. ſterling.

Likewiſe, the Titles of ſome Eſtates, Mortgages, &c.

Whoſoever brings the thief or thieves to juſtice, ſhall have a reward of twenty dollars.

As the papers in queſtion can be of no uſe to any other perſon, the bills having been ſtopped payment, requeſt the perpetrators may be ſearched after with all imaginable care.

September 6. 3t

PAMPHLETEERING.

WHENCE the ſource of all this traſh?
Itching palms—devoid of caſh,
If like gudgeons, folks will bite,
Every blockhead ſoon will write,
All the tribe of garretteers
Who have *loſt* or ſav'd their ears;
'Scap'd from foreign Jails, ſhall come,
For the bread they lack'd at home,
Nick'd by neck in hempen nooſe,
'Fraid to dance without their ſhoes—
Patriots theſe of ſuch a ſize,
Scarcely *ſtand* twixt earth and ſkies,
Come three thouſand miles to tell us,
George & Co. are ſcurvy fellows!
Take my word—you need not try 'em
They'll *pill* your pocket if you buy em.

STOCKS.

Six per Cent.	17/7
Three per Cent.	10/7
4½ per Cent. none for ſale.	14/ laſt price
5½ per Cent.	16.6
Deferred Six per Cent.	13/6 to 7
BANK United States,	20 pr. cent.
—— Pennſylvania,	27
—— North America,	46
Inſurance Comp. North-America,	40 per cent. adv.
—— Pennſylvania,	5 per cent.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE.

On London, at 30 days, per £.100 ſterl.	par.	
—— at 60 days,	par to	162 1-2
—— at 90 days,	161 à 162	1-2
Amſterdam, 60 days, per guilder,		42
—— 90 days,		40

GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES MARINE LIST.

PHILADELPHIA, September 6.

ARRIVED.

Brig Gov. Brooke, Kelly, Cuba, 17 days.

The Ship South Carolina, Capt. Garman, arrived at Charleſton on the 21ſt ult. in 4 days from the Capes of Delaware.

Arrivals at Charleſton—Auguſt 23.

Ship South Carolina, Garman,	Philadelphia
Schooner Peggy, Newton,	Jeremie
Sloop Nancy, Dimond,	Salem
Polly, Gladding,	Briſtol (Maſſ.)
Mary, Taber,	New-York
Diſcovery, Perry,	Hiſpaniola

Port of Norfolk—Auguſt 30.

Brig Nancy Corran, Corran,	Cadiz
Schr. William, Linnell,	Jamaica.

NEWBURYPORT, Auguſt 31.

Saturday arrived brig Sally, Jonathan Young, maſter, 9 weeks from Malaga.

July 1, came through Gibraltar gut; ſaw a fleet of Britiſh ſhips cruiſing; ſpoke ſeveral and treated politely.

July 12, lat. 36, 30, long. 38, was boarded by a French brig of war, belonging to Rochfort, who put a Portugueſe captain and two boys on board, which they had taken two days before. The captain's name was Francis Dieſt of a brig burthen 200 tons, from St. Michael's bound to Madeira, with a load of corn.

July 24, lat. 39, 50, long. 40, ſpoke a Portugueſe ſnow from the Brazils bound to Liſbon, out two months; put the abovementioned captain and his two boys on board.

July 29, lat. 39, 10, long. 47, ſaw nine ſail of veſſels ſtanding to the eaſtward which appeared to be part of a Weſt-India convoy.

Auguſt 10, lat. 42, 50, long. 50, ſpoke a Daniſh brig from Norfolk bound to Gottenburg, and ſhip Hopewell from Charleſton bound to Liverpool, 17 days out.

Auguſt 11, lat. 42, 23, long. 37, 30, ſpoke the brig Polly, of Portland, Joſeph Clemmens, maſter, from Norfolk, bound to London, 12 days out.

Auguſt 15, lat. 41, 40. long. 59, 30, ſpoke the ſhip Fox, Capt. William Gardner from New-York bound to Hamburgh, 12 days out.

Auguſt 18, lat. 42, 30, long. 64, 30, ſpoke a fiſhing ſchooner from Chatham, bound to the Grand Bank, who informed that the day before he ſpoke a ſhip belonging to Boſton, Capt. Broughton, from Nantz, who was taken on the coaſt of France by a French lugger, carried into Bell Iſle, and had his cargo condemned.

Mordecai Lewis

HAS FOR SALE,

NANKEENS, long and ſhort.
China, well aſſorted.
Quickſilver.
Diapers
Baftas.
Coſſas.
Bandano Handkerchiefs,
Roll Brimſtone.

Sept. 6. tt&ſtm

Valuable Manufactory
FOR SALE.

A SOAP and CANDLE Manufactory, ſtanding in a convenient part of the City: the works are almoſt new; on an entire new conſtruction, built of the beſt materials, and ready to ſet to work immediately. Apply to,

FRAUNCES and VAN REED,
Brokers, No. 63, South Third Street.

Who diſcount approved Notes of hand at a ſhort notice.

September 6th, 1796. m. w. & s. tf.

Plans of the city of Philadelphia,

Including the NORTHERN LIBERTIES and diſtrict of SOUTHWARK,

Publiſhed, and ſold by
BENJAMIN DAVIES,
No. 68, High ſtreet,
(Price one dollar.)

THIS plan is 26 inches ſquare, and has been engraved by one of the firſt artiſts in the city, from a late and accurate ſurvey. Purchaſers are entitled to a pamphlet with each plan, giving "ſome account of the city, its population, trade, government, &c.

July 19 tuf&ſtf

Letters Patent,

Granted to the Subscriber, for the Cure of

Incurvations and Distortions of the Spine,

By an improvement in Stays and an Apparatus.

EVERY thing has been studied to render this application safe, easy, effectual, and generally useful, and that if necessary, it may be accompanied with any other mode.

The success of the Patentee in the cure of distortions, from Incurvations of the Spine, the Wry Neck, &c. in this city and in different parts of the United States, under the inspection of eminent physicians, when every other mode had failed, will, it is hoped, afford the public sufficient testimony of the utility of this application.

N. B. He makes an apparatus for restoring distorted feet in children—Bandages in general—Trusses of various descriptions, and one in particular on a plan entirely new, which in some cases is found to answer better than any other.

He returns thanks to those medical gentlemen in different parts of the United States who have honored him with their patronage and confidence.

☞ The Ladies are respectfully informed, that he has an elegant assortment of Stays and Corsets for Sale, which will be altered if necessary, free of extra charge.

LUNDIN M'KECHNIE,

Aug. 16 2aw3w No. 17 Dock-street

To be sold by public sale,

ON Wednesday, the 7th day of September next, on the premises in Mount-Holly, Burlington county, by the Subscriber,

The Dwelling-House and Lot

Whereon it stands, having been in part occupied as a store for several years past, and in a good stand for business, together with the store-house, stable and buildings thereon erected, having two large cellars under them. Also, the shop goods and household furniture. A clear title will be given to the purchaser on payment of the money or sufficient bond therefor, and possession of the premises will be given in the said month of September.

The sale is to continue 'till the whole is disposed of. Mount Holly having become the County Town, makes this property more valuable than heretofore. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of sale, by

PETER SHIRAS.

N. B. All persons indebted to the subscriber, are requested to discharge the same immediately, as he intends soon to remove out of this state. Any person having a just demand against the subscriber, is requested to produce the same for settlement. ¶$2w

Mount Holly, August 16, 1796.

Great is TRUTH and must prevail.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for sale at No. 41 Chesnut-street by J. ORMROD,

An Apology for the Bible,

By R. WATSON, D. D. F. R. S.

Bishop of Landaff, &c.

Being a complete refutation of Paine's

Age of Reason,

And the only answer to the Second Part.

August 30. dtf

WATSON's ANSWER to GIBBON.

JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale by J. ORMROD, No. 41, Chesnut-street,

Apology for Christianity,

In a series of Letters, addressed to

EDWARD GIBBON, ESQ.

Author of the History of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire:

BY *R. WATSON*, D. D. F. R. S. Bishop of Landaff.

(Price 75 cents bound)

Watson's Answer to Paine,

To be had at the same place.

The enemies of Religion are awake! Let not her friends sleep.

Sept. 1. eotf

A Valuable PAPER-MILL,

FOR SALE.

SITUATE in Lower Merion Township, Montgomery County, between ten and eleven miles from the City of Philadelphia; with sixty acres of Land. The Mill is in good order, and on a never failing stream of water. For further particulars; enquire of the Subscriber on the premises.

GEORGE HELMBOLD.

September 1st, 1796. *co 3

For Sale,

A new Printing Press,

PRICE NINETY-FIVE DOLLARS, CASH.—Enquire of the Printer.

Sept. 3. eodgt.

To be disposed of,

THE time of a healthy NEGRO WOMAN, who has between four and five years to serve: She can be recommended for her sobriety and honesty. For particulars enquire at No. 132, Chesnut-street.

August 3. 2awtf.

LANDS of the UNITED STATES

Treasury Department, August 3, 1796.

Public Notice is hereby Given,

IN pursuance of an act of Congress, passed on the 18th day of May, 1796, entitled "An act providing" for the sale of the lands of the United States, in the Territory north west of the river Ohio, and above the mouth of Kentucky river," that the sections or lots of land described in the annexed schedule, lying in the seven ranges of townships, which were surveyed in pursuance of an ordinance of Congress, passed on the twentieth day of May, in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, will be exposed for sale at Public vendue, in the town of Pittsburgh in Pennsylvania, on the twenty-fourth day of October next, and thenceforward, from day to day until the first day of December ensuing, unless the said lots shall be sooner sold, in the manner, and on the terms and conditions herein after mentioned, to wit:

1st. The said sections or lots shall be sold under the direction of the Governor or Secretary of the Western Territory, and such person as the President of the United States may specially appoint for that purpose.

2d. The said sections or lots shall be sold to the highest bidder, but no sale can be made for less than two dollars per acre of the quantity of land contained in such lot or section.

3. The highest bidder as before mentioned, must deposit at the time of sale, one twentieth part of the purchase money, in the hands of such person as the President of the United States shall appoint to attend the sales for that purpose, which will be forfeited, if a moiety of the sum bid, including the said twentieth part, shall not be paid within thirty days from the time of sale.

4th. Upon payment of a moiety of the purchase money in the manner before mentioned, the purchaser will be entitled to one year's credit for the remaining moiety; and shall receive from the Governor or Secretary of the Western Territory, and the person who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, to direct the sales, a certificate describing the lot or section purchased, and declaring the sum paid on account, the balance remaining due, the time when such balance becomes payable, and that the whole land therein mentioned, will be forfeited, if the said balance is not then paid; but if the said balance shall be duly discharged, by paying the same to the Treasurer of the United States, the purchaser or his assignee or other legal representative, shall be entitled to a patent for the said lands, on his producing to the Secretary of State a receipt for such balance endorsed upon the certificate. But if any purchaser shall make payment of the whole of the purchase money, at the time when the payment of the first moiety is directed to be made, he will be entitled to a deduction of ten per centum on the part for which a credit is authorized to be given; and his patent shall be immediately issued.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury

Schedule of sections of townships, or fractional parts of townships, to be sold at Pittsburgh, in pursuance of the 6th section of an act of Congress, passed on the 18th day of May, 1796.

No. of Lot.	Acres.	100ths.	No. of Lot.	Acres.	100ths.	No. of Lot.	Acres.	100ths.
1st RANGE.								
1st Township.								
28	5	65						
29	256	95						
30	250	75						
34	240	90						
35a36	640	each						
2d Township.								
19	1	40						
20	170	70						
21	185							
22	2	30						
25	488	80						
26a27	640	each						
28	560							
29	551	60						
30	564							
31a36	640	each						
4th Township.								
19	64							
25	640							
26	387	60						
27	36							
31a32	640	each						
33	616							
34	445	20						
35	222	50						
36	16	20						
5th Township.								
6	139	20						
12	479	30						
17	304	15						
18	638	50						
23	450	75						
24	640							
29	184							
30	640							
35	312	80						
36	640							
2d RANGE.								
1st Township.								
28	7	20						
34	6	50						
3d Township.								
24a26	640	each						
28	499	16						
29	640							
31a33	640	each						
4th Township.								
11	26	40						
12	397	50						
13	51	50						
15	27	50						
16	259	20						
17	524							
18	640							
19	635							
20	584	80						
21	636	21						
22a36	640	each						
5th Township.								
5	636							
6a7	640	each						
23a25	640	each						
27a28	640	each						
32a36	640	each						
7th Township.								
3	640							
8th Township.								
1a5	640	each						
6	440							
7a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
9th Township.								
6	640							
8	312	30						
11	640							
13a14	640	each						
19a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
3d RANGE.								
2d Township.								
15	640							
16	600							
20	557	50						
21a22	640	each						
23	609							
25a36	640	each						
3d Township.								
9	188	60						
10	344							
11	267							
12	152							
14	202	50						
15	630							
16a18	640	each						
19	217	50						
20	616	75						
21a36	640	each						
4th Township.								
1	170							
2	544							
5	320							
4	4	50						
5	120							
6	640							
7	563							
8a9	640	each						
10	540	80						
11	529	70						
12a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
6th Township.								
8a12	640	each						
14	640							
17a20	640	each						
25a36	640	each						
8th Township.								
3a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23	640							
25a30	640	each						
33a36	640	each						
10th Township.								
1a2	640	each						
5a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
12th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
4th RANGE.								
1st Township.								
24	636	50						
29	636	50						
30	640							
34	615							
35a36	640	each						
2d Township.								
2	265	60						
3a6	640	each						
7	265	20						
8	638							
9a12	640	each						
13	635							
14	540							
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
3d Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
4th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
5th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
6th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
7th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
8th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
9th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
10th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
11th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
12th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
5th RANGE.								
1st Township.								
18	274	40						
22	87	50						
23	427	50						
24	640							
26	70							
27	394	20						
28	634							
29a30	640	each						
31	18							
32	584	80						
33a36	640	each						
2d Township.								
2	180	20						
3	430							
4	448							
5	456							
6	464	80						
7	250							
8	618							
9a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
4th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
5th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
6th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
7th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
8th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
9th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
10th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
11th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
12th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
13th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
14th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
15th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
6th RANGE.								
1st Township.								
17	3	20						
18	270							
21	8	50						
22	166	40						
23	427							
24	640							
27	151	80						
28a30	640	each						
33	58							
34a36	640	each						
2d Township.								
1	126							
2	440							
3	448							
4	456							
5	464							
6	472							
7	340							
8a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
3d Township.								
1	470							
2	478							
3	486							
4	494							
5	502							
6	510							
7a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
5th Township.								
1	518							
2	526							
3	534							
4	540							
5	548							
6	556							
7a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
7th Township.								
1	566							
2	571	40						
3	576							
4	585	60						
5	593							
6	601							
7a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
8th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
9th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
10th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
11th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
12th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
13th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
14th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
15th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
7th RANGE.								
1st Township.								
30	4	20						
36	132	50						
2d Township.								
3	35							
4	625							
5a6	640	each						
9	296							
10a12	640	each						
14	30							
17a18	640	each						
19	14							
20	496							
23a24	640	each						
25	380							
26a37	640	each						
4th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
6th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
8th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
9th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
10th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
11th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
12th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
13th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
14th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
15th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						
16th Township.								
1a14	640	each						
17a20	640	each						
23a36	640	each						

NOTE.

THE quantities of Lands in the several townships before mentioned, are exclusive of the Lots reserved by the United States and also of those formerly sold.—The aggregate quantities in the several townships or fractional parts of townships, have been ascertained by actual survey; the quantities in particular lots or sections, have been no otherwise ascertained than by calculation.

LANDS of the United States.

Treasury Department,

August 8, 1796.

Public Notice is hereby given,

IN pursuance of an act of Congress passed on the 18th day of May, 1796, entitled "an act providing "for the sale of the Lands of the United States, in the territory north-west of the river Ohio, and above "the mouth of Kentucky river," that the Quarter Townships of land described in the annexed schedule, lying in the seven ranges of townships which were surveyed in pursuance of an ordinance of Congress, passed on the twentieth day of May, in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, will be exposed for sale at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Merchants' Coffee-House in Philadelphia, on the 4th day of January next, and thenceforward from day to day, until the tenth day of February ensuing, unless the said quarter townships shall be sooner sold, in the manner and on the terms and conditions hereinafter mentioned: viz.

1st. The said quarter townships shall be sold to the highest bidder, but no sale can be made for less than two dollars per acre of the quantity of land contained in such quarter township.

2d. The highest bidder as before mentioned, must deposit at the time of sale, one twentieth part of the purchase money, in the hands of the Treasurer of the United States, which will be forfeited if a moiety of the sum bid, including the said twentieth part, shall not be paid within thirty days from the time of sale.

3d. Upon payment of a moiety of the purchase-money in the manner beforementioned, the purchaser will be entitled to one year's credit for the remaining moiety; and shall receive a certificate describing the quarter township purchased, and declaring the sum paid on account, the balance remaining due, the time when such balance becomes payable, and that the whole Land therein mentioned will be forfeited, if the said balance is not then paid; but if the said balance shall be duly discharged, by paying the same to the Treasurer of the United States, the purchaser or his assignee or other legal representative, shall be entitled to a patent for the said land, on his producing to the Secretary of State a receipt for such balance, endorsed upon the certificate. But if any purchaser shall make payment of the whole of the purchase-money at the time when the payment of the first moiety is directed to be made, he will be entitled to a deduction of ten per centum on the part for which a credit is authorized to be given; and his patent shall be immediately issued.

GIVEN under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year abovementioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.

SCHEDULE

Of Quarter-Townships to be sold at Philadelphia, in pursuance of the 6th section of an act of Congress passed on the 18th day of May, 1796.

No. of Range.	No. of Township.	Quarter Townships.	Acres.		Total number of acres for sale in each Township.
2		South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
3	5	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	7	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	9	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	11	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
4	4	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	6	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	8	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	10	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	12	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
5	3	South East	4602		
		North East	4654		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				19,496	
	5	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	7	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	9	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	11	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
6	9	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
7	3	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	5	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	7	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	9	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	11	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	13	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	
	15	South East	5120		
		North East	5120		
		South West	5120		
		North West	5120		
				20,480	

NOTE.

THE quantities of Lands in the several townships before mentioned, are exclusive of the Sections reserved by the United States. The aggregate quantities in the several townships, have been ascertained by actual survey; but the quantities in the quarter townships, have been no otherwise ascertained than by calculation.

Washington Canal Lottery,

No. I.

WHEREAS the State of Maryland has authorised the underwritten, to raise twenty-six thousand, two hundred, and fifty dollars, for the purpose of cutting a Canal through the City of Washington, from the Potomac to the Eastern Branch Harbour.

The following is the SCHEME of No. I.

Viz.	1 Prize of	20,000 dollars,	20,000
	1 ditto	10,000	10,000
	7 last drawn Tickets, each	5,000	35,000
	6 ditto	1,000	6,000
	10 ditto	400	4,000
	20 ditto	100	2,000
	55 ditto	50	2,750
	5750 ditto	12	69,008
	To be raised for the Canal,		26,250
5850	Prizes,		175,000
11650	Blanks, not two to a prize.		
17500	Tickets, at Ten Dollars, -		175,000

☞ The Commissioners have taken the Securities required by the aforesaid act for the punctual payment of the prizes.

The drawing of this Lottery will commence, without delay, as soon as the Tickets are sold, of which timely notice will be given.

Such prizes as are not demanded in six months after the drawing is finished, shall be considered as relinquished for the benefit of the Canal, and appropriated accordingly.

(Signed) NOTLEY YOUNG,
DANIEL CARROLL, *of* D.
LEWIS DEBLOIS,
GEORGE WALKER,
WM. M. DUNCANSON,
THOMAS LAW,
JAMES BARRY.

City of Washington, Feb. 11. $

PRINTED BY JOHN FENNO,
—No. 119—
CHESNUT-STREET.
[Price Eight Dollars per Annum.]